

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم
اللهم صل على محمد و آل محمد



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برای دریافت سوالات دروس دیگر
می توانید به آدرس زیر مراجعه کنید

نام درس: آواشناسی انگلیسی

تعداد سؤالات: ۳۰ تکمیلی -- تشریحی --

رشته تحصیلی: گرایش: مترجمی و ادبیات انگلیسی

زمان امتحان: تستی و تکمیلی ۶۵ دقیقه تشریحی --

کد درس: ۱۷۰۳۱۶ - ۱۷۱۲۲۶ تاریخ: ۸۶/۳/۲۹ شروع: ۱۰/۳۰

تعداد کل صفحات: ۳

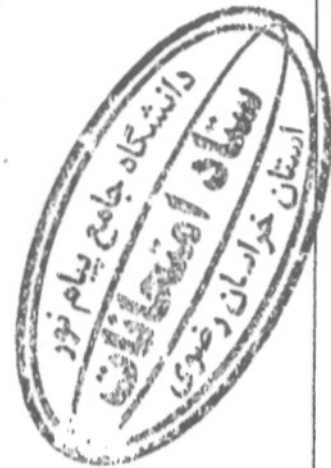
Directions: Choose the best choice (a , b , c or d) and mark it on your answer sheet.

1. Any given language has a small number of regularly used sounds known as
 a. phones b. phonemes c. alphabets d. accents
2. The different parts of the vocal tract involved in the production of speech sounds are called..... .
 a. ridges b. segments c. diacritics d. articulators
3. The underlined parts in other and there are phonetically produced as a..... .
 a. bilabial b. alveolar c. dental d. palatal
4. The vowel sound in *bat* is
 a. open b. close c. open-mid d. back
5. The medial sound of *pull* is described as..... .
 a. front, spread, open b. central, rounded, close

c. back, rounded, open

d. back, rounded, mid-close

6. A pure vowel is the one that remains constant and does not
- a. reduce b. glide c. improve d. release
7. Which words include closing diphthongs?
- a. *face, rain, rice* b. *tour, roar, cairn*
c. *beard, Ian, moored* d. *lower, hour, power*
8. Vocal folds are two thick flaps of
- a. cartilage b. bone c. material d. muscle
9. The initial sound in *hate* and *hold* is
- a. voiced glottal fricative b. voiceless glottal fricative
c. voiced glottal stop d. voiceless glottal stop
10. For shouting, we produce voicing with
- a. low intensity b. low quality c. fewer frequency d. high intensity
11. Which word begins with a voiced velar stop?
- a. *gain* b. *kite* c. *care* d. *character*



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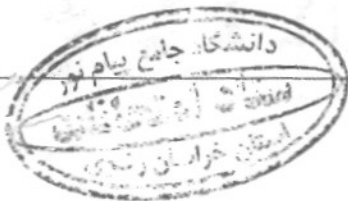
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12. The final sound in *ate* is
- a. palatal b. dental c. alveolar d. post-alveolar
13. The initial sound in *zero* is.....
- a. voiceless b. affricate c. lenis d. fortis
14. Which set includes fricative sounds?
- a. [r, w, y, l] b. [f, v, s, θ] c. [m, n, N, ŋ] d. [p, j, b, d]
15. The initial sound in *wind* is a (n)
- a. lateral b. nasal c. fricative d. approximant
16. Which word can be divided into two grammatical pieces?
- a. hanger b. finger c. anger d. single
17. The nasal /ŋ/ never occurs after a.....
- a. long vowel b. short vowel c. central vowel d. lax vowel
18. Which syllable has zero onset?
- a. date b. knight c. eight d. right
19. Regarding the consonant cluster in *bonds*, the final consonant is
- a. n b. d c. z d. b
20. The term refers to a situation where a consonant belongs to two syllables ; e.g. *better*.
- a. complex b. ambisyllabic c. peak d. coda
21. Lateral release manifests itself in the production of
- a. *threaten* b. *happen* c. *visionary* d. *muddle*
22. Syllabic r₁ is very common in the accents of the type called
- a. non-rhotic b. rhotic c. native d. familiar
23. The production of stressed syllables needs more..... energy than unstressed syllables.
- a. muscular b. perceptual c. experimental d. literal
24. Which word carries its stress on the second syllable?
- a. *even* b. *larynx* c. *apply* d. *enter*



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25. The stress pattern of a given word may change according to the it occurs in .
 a. context b. category c. approach d. chapter
26. A suffix is the one applied to a considerable number of stems.
 a. single b. secondary c. primary d. productive
27. When used in a relative clause, *that* only has
 a. a strong form b. a weak form c. a fortis form d. an adverb quality
28. The final sound in *range* is a (n)
 a. fricative b. approximant c. dental d. affricate
29. It is believed that English has stress-timed ; i.e. stressed syllables tend to occur at relatively regular
 a. foot / pieces b. form / differences c. rhythm / intervals d. feature / spellings
30. Each tone-unit has one and only one tonic syllable.
 a. complex b. compound c. mixed d. simple

