بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم اللهم صل على محمد و آل محمد



exemplifies

a. slips of the ear

c. slips of the pen

ليمسال اول ٨٢-٨٧	المستعدد الم	عار سناسی	
د ستال: نعنی ۳۰ تکمیلی – نشریدی	عار. ار ۱۸ سعت ، ۱۱-۱۱ تعما	تام لرس: کلیات زبانشناسی ۲	
شمان تسنى رئكملي ٧٥ بغية تشريعي بغية			
تعادكل صفحات ٢	۱ - زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی: ۱۷۱۱۵۰		
ign, profesioner of regionalister,	نیست.	 استفاده از فرهنگ لغات مجاز 	
Directions: Choose the best choice (a, b, c, or d) and mark it on your an	swer sheet.	
'Language beyond the sentence' is	dealt with in	nominate a	
a. semantics	b. discourse analysis	b. discourse analysis	
c. neurolinguistics	d. cohesive ties		
2. We should make our conversation	al contribution such as is required. In	this way we can follow	
the			
a. quality maxim	b. completion point		
c. relation maxim	d. co-operative principle	d. co-operative principle	
3. In order to indicate the accuracy of	f our statements, we may use sort of	or kind of as	
a. implicature	b. hedges		
b. coherence	d. schema		
4. Instead of having the set of typical	ıl fixed features, a(n) has	a series of conventional	
actions that take place.			
a. script	b. interference		
c. interpretation	d. turn		
5. The two hemispheres of the brain	are connected together by the		
a. spinal cord	b. frontal lobe		
c. corpus callosum	d. arcuate fasciculus		
6. In the tip of the tongue phenor	menon, speakers generally have an	accurate phonological	
of the word yet it is el	uding them.		
a. misunderstanding	b. process		
c. outline	d. metaphor		
⁶ 7. A Persian slip like "noon-o P	aniro Aangoor" (instead of) "noo	on-o Panir-o Aangoor"	

b. spoonerism

d. malapropisms

c. inverted

	تعداد سوال: نسنى ٣٠ تكميل - تشريعي	م لرس کلیات ریانشناسی ۲
ښ	زمان امتحان تستى و تكميلى ٧٥ لفيك تشريعي	ك تصلي گرايش زبان و ادبيات انگليسي - مترجمي زبان انگليسي
	تعداد کل صفحات ۲	الراس مترجمي زبان :۱۷۰۱۷۵ - زبان و ادبیات انگلیسي: ۱۷۱۱۵۰
8. 1	n which kind of aphasia are the grammat	tical markers missing?
	a. Wernicke's aphasia	b. Sensory aphasia
	c. Conduction aphasia	d. Broca's aphasia
9.1	What does lateralization describe?	
	a. The apparent specialization of the lef	t hemisphere.
	b. The apparent specialization of the rig	tht hemisphere.
	c. The period when our brain is most re	ady to receive linguistic input.
	d. Right hemisphere language facility.	er en abbles
10.	Congenitally deaf infants stop	after six months because they cannot hear
	themselves.	ar perdadar bress 18 co
	a. caregiver speech	b. telegraphic speech
	c. cooing and babbling	d. holophrastic utterances
11.	To interpret children's two-word utterar	nces, we should pay attention to the of their
	utterances.	
	a. order	b. context
	c. development	d. capacity
12.	It is suggested that the child work ou	t how to use the linguistic system while focused on
	communication and interaction rather th	nan
	a. imitation	b. combination
	c. correction	d. negation
13. Regarding the child's forming questions, which form usually comes fir		, which form usually comes first?
	a. Sit chair?	b. Did I caught it?
	c. can I have a piece?	d. What book name?
14.	The meaning of word is by th	e child on the basis of similarities of shape, sound and
*	size.	
	a. overgeneralized	b. overextended

d. inflected



- 15. The term is used to refer to the subconscious gradual development of linguistic knowledge in communicative situations.
 - a. learning

b. acquisition

- c. foreign language learning
- d. foreign language setting
- 16. Which of the following items can create a barrier to acquisition?
 - a. positive feelings

b. positive experiences

c. affective factors

- d. instrumental motivation
- Transfer means using sounds, expressions or from the first language when performing in the second language.
 - a. interlanguages

b. traditions

c. interactions

- d. structures
- 18. The ability to organize a message effectively and to compensate for any difficulties is called......
 - a. sociolinguistic competence

b. grammatical competence

c. negotiated input

d. strategic competence

- 19. What are beats?
 - a. Short quick movements of the hand or fingers.
 - b. Pointing to things or people while talking.
 - c. The reflections of the meaning of what is said.
 - d. The communicated linguistic message.
- 20. The American Sign Language (ASL) is a natural language functioning in the mode.
 - a. auditory
- b. oral
- c. visual
- d. historical

- 21. Which statement is True?
 - a. Children acquiring ASL as their first language do not go through developmental stages similar to children learning spoken languages.
 - b. The production of signs, in ASL, seems to begin earlier than the production of spoken words.
 - c. There are no different ASL dialects in different regions.
 - d. ASL signs have not changed at all in the past 100 years.

تعداد سعال: نعنى ٣٠ تكميلي - تشريدي		نام لرس: كليات زبانشناسي ٢	
زمان امتحان تستى و تكميلى ٧٥ لفينه تشريص لفينه	نگلیسی -مترجمی زبان انگلیسی	رئت تصلي گرائي زبان و ادبيات ان	
ا تعداد کل صفحات: ۴	- زبان و ادبیات آنگلیسی: ۷۱۱۵۰	كالرسخ مترجمي زبان :١٧٠١٧٥	
22. One of the results of philology is the creati	ion of		
a. new languages	b. new grammars		
c. common ancestors	d. family trees		
23. The comparative reconstruction is mostly	based on the examining of .		
a. cognates	b. types		
c. connective words	d. synchronic variations		
24. Which of the following processes DOES	*	change of English?	
a. Metathesis	b. Epenthesis		
c. Prothesis	d. Borrowing		
25. In its older form, dog was only used for o	one particular breed. But no	ow it refers to all breeds.	
What process is involved here?			
a. Narrowing of meaning	b. Broadening of meaning		
c. Synchronic improvement	d. Syntactic change		
26. The informant in the major dialect surveys	should be		
a. mobile, younger, female speakers.	b. non-mobile, younger, rural speakers		
c. non-mobilè, older, rural, male speakers	d. mobile, older, literate, female speakers		
27. Bilinguals know two very well.			
a. distinct languages	b. distinct dialects		
c. common languages	d. mixed dialects		
28. When a pidgin develops well and become	es a natural language that is the first language of a		
social community, it is known as			
a. decreolization b. creolization	c. creole	d. lexifier	
29. Sociolinguistics has strong connections wi	th		
a. psychology and linguistics	b. sociology and philology		
· c. neurolinguistics and linguistics	d. anthropology and sociology		
30. English speakers can create expression	s to refer to different kinds of snow but "these		
categories" are			
a. non-lexicalized	b. lexicalized	Solu ok	
c. single words	d. two-word sentences	حتاد اعتجانات	
		Con dela del	