بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم اللهم صل على محمد و آل محمد



نام درس: درآمُدی بر ادبیات انگلیسی (۲) ۲۹ ۸۰ تعداد سوال: نش ۳۰ تکمیلی – نشریدی – رش نصیلی گرایش: مترجمی زبان – ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۱ (مان امتحان: تستی ر تکمیلی ۵۰ نفیه نشریدی – نفیه کدرس: ۱۲۱۲۰۶۳ مترجمی زبان :۱۲۱۲۰۶۳

Directions: Choose the best choice and mark it on your answer sheet.

1.	1. A near rhyme in which the consonant sounds are iden	itical, but	not the vowels;	such as
	"slum" and "slow."			

A. Nursery rhyme

B. Sestet

C. Slant rhyme

D. Run on rhyme

- 2. Epitaph is
 - A. a poem used as a definition for a wedding
 - B. a poem that is recited as mourning for the a death of a dead young poet
 - C. a poem which intends to criticize teaching a moral point
 - /D. a poem used as an inscription on tomb
- 3. The following poem can be an example of

Friends and Physicians could not save

This mortal body from the grave.

Nor can the grave confine it here.

When Jesus calls it must appear.

This shall our moldering members teach,

What now our senses learn.

For dust and ashes loudest peach

Man's infinite concern.

/A. Epitaph

B. Elegy

C. Quatrain

D. Lyric

- 4. Alfred Lord Tennyson's "The Eagle" is
 - A. a connection between the eagle and his human counterpart
 - B, the exhilaration of the eagle's distant view and his inaccessible aerie
 - C. a celebration of a lonely power and an independent grandeur
 - D. to grasp a view of the smallness of the world under the great wings of the eagle

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5) John Keats in his "Ode to a	Nightingale"		•••••••		
A. contrasts his own depres	ssed feeling with the	at of the nighti	ngale		
B. balances his merry time	with that of the nig	htingale			
C. contrasts his own depres	sed feeling with joy	ys represented	by the		
D. compares the depression	of the nightingale	with his own h	nappiness		
6. In "My Last Duchess"					
A. an emissary from an unk	nown count is ente	rtaining the D	uke of Ferrara		
B. we hear the emissary spe	B. we hear the emissary speaking most of the time				
C, the emissary's purpose for	or coming to Duke	is not revealed	until the end of		
the poem and this is a de-	vice for creating su	spense			
D the important parts are the	nose which are utter	red in the poer	n		
7) Theis	Theis the form that is chosen for "My Last Duchess."				
A. soliloquy B) drama	atic monologue	C. lyric	D. aside		
8. The following lines are take	en from				
"Away! Away! for I will fi	"Away! Away! for I will fly to thee,				
Not charioted by Bacchus	Not charioted by Bacchus and his pards.				
But on the viewless wings	of poesy.				
A. Ode to a Nightingale	В.	Ode to Beauty			
C Anthom for Doomed Vo	nth D	do on Colitud			



تعداد سؤال: نْسْنَى ٣٠ تُكْمِلِى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْنِهُ نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْنُهُ مَنْدَرِيمَى -- نَشْنُهُ مَنْدِيمَى -- نَشْنُهُ مَنْدَرِيمَى -- نَشْنُهُ مَنْدِيمَى -- نَشْنُهُ مَنْدَرِيمَى -- نَشْنُهُ مَنْدَرِيمَى -- نَشْنُ مُنْدَرِيمَى -- نَشْنُ مُنْدُونِمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْنُ مُنْدَرِيمَى -- نَشْنُ مُنْدُونِمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْرَيمَى -- نَشْرَيمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْرُيمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْرَيمَى -- نَشْرَيمَى -- نَشْرُيمَى -- نَشْرَيمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْرَيمَى -- نَشْرِيمَى -- نَشْرَيمَى -- نَشْرَيمَ

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- 9. Which one of the following statements is WRONG about Keats' "Ode to a Nightingale"?
 - (A) It deals with pain of reality.
 - B. It creates a picture of the world of the senses.
 - C. It is an escapist poem.
 - D. It presents a dream world without blurring the real one.
- 10. "Anthem for Doomed Youth" is the title of a poem by
 - (A) Wilfred Owen

B. Keats

C. Siegfried Sassoon

D. Shakespeare

11. The word "orisons" in the following lines should mean

"Only the stuttering rifles' rapid rattle

Can patter out their hastly orisons"

A. stammering

B. prayers

C. sounds

D. moaning

12. Which one of the following elements **IS NOT** important in considering a poem?

A. Subject V

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B. Reader

C. Theme V

D. Speaker

- 13. Which of the following statements is CORRECT about the setting of a poem?
 - A. The setting is always stated clearly.
 - B. It always remains stable.
 - C It may be rural, indoors or outdoors.
 - D. It is always extraordinarily usual.



تعداد سؤال: نعش ٣٠ تكميلي - تفريدي -

نام درس در آمدی بر ادبیات انگلیسی (۲)

زمان امتحان: تستى و تكميلى ٥٠ رئين تشريحي - رئين

رشا تصبلی گرایش: مترجمی زبان - ادبیات انگلیسی

تعداد کل صفحات: ٧

گالراس ادبیات انگلیسی :۱۲۱۲۱۸ مترجمی زبان :۱۲۱۲۰۶۳

- 14. The subject of a poem is
 - A its actions and events
 - B. its central conception or idea
 - C. where is happens
 - D. its symbols when identified.



- A. Its subject is God's reflection on His own nature.
- B. Its theme is god's reflection on his own nature.
- C. Its theme is diversity of all things and ultimate deconstruction of every thing.
- D. Its theme is God in his solitude.
- 16. What is the most important word in the following poem on which the comedy of the poem depend?

More over, ham

And quartered cow,

My Geiger says

The time is now.

Yes, now I lay me

Down to sleep

And if I die,

At least I'll keep

A. die

B. sleep

C. cow

D, keep



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ان امتحان: تستى و تكميلى ٥٠ رقبة تشريحي رقبة	شه تحصیلی . گرایش مترجمی زبان - ادبیات انگلیسی ن						
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17. An ability to mean more than one	thing rather than its precision is called						
A. ambiguity B. syneo	cdoche C. metaphor D. simile						
18. When the speaker of "At the San	Francisco Airport" tells us that the light in the terminal						
gives "perfect vision" but also he	notices its artificiality, he is suggesting						

A. the limits of idealism which he	e maintains						
B. the freedom of transcendentali	sm which he is maintaining						
C. the limits of rationalism he trie	es to maintain						
D. the freedom of liberalism which	ch he follows						
19. What figure of speech is used in	"Her goodly eyes like Sapphires shining bright"?						
A. Metaphor B. Ambigui	ty C. Simile D. Personification						
20. Tenor refers to							
(A) abstract idea or the elusive not	(A) abstract idea or the elusive notion the poet aims to clarify						
B. the most concrete and familiar	the most concrete and familiar element with which an elusive notion is						
clarified	C. Internali (digrae)						
C. the clearest object in a compar	ison						
D. a metaphor	المن والمام والمام المام						
VI MINE TO MAKE	رستاد امتحانات						
21. What is the figure of speech used	in the following line?						
	All All Andrews and respect to the least 1 strain 1 strai						
"The hand that sways the king	and a little and a state of the						
A Metonymy B. Simile	C. Metaphor D. Synecdoche						
Α.							
22. What is the figure of speech used	in the following line?						
"The wind stood up, and gave a	shout"						
A. Apostrophe B. Personi	fication C. Pun D. Synecdoche						

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23. What is the figure of speech used in the following line?

Busy old fool, unruly sun.

Why dost thou thus,

Through windows and through curtains call on us?

- A. Extended Metaphor like -
- B. Personification

C. Vehicle

D. Apostrophe

When an image mingles two or more senses, using one sense to describe another, the device is usually called

A. Kinesthetic imagery

B. Synesthesisa

C. Conceit

D. Oxymoron

25. When rhymes occur elsewhere than at the end of lines, it is called

A. End rhyme

B. Nursery rhyme

C. Internal rhyme

D. Abstract rhyme

26. Find the WRONG statement.

- A. In masculine rhyme the accent is always on the final syllable.
- √ B. In the feminine rhyme the accent is on the final syllable.
 - C. "Silken Tones" is an extended metaphor.
 - D. Attitude / latitude are examples of feminine rhyme.



27. Which one of the following choices is not regarded as a sound device?

A. Alliteration

B. Rhyme scheme

C. Assonance

D. Consonance

تعداد سؤال: نسل ۳۰ تكميلي - تشريعي --زمان امتحان: تستى و تكميلى ٥٠ يفيَّك تشريحي - يفيَّك تعداد کل صفحات: ٧

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28. There isin the following line.

"Five miles meandering with mazy motion."

(A. Alliteration

B. Assonance

C. Onomatopoeia

- D. Discordance
- 29. The basic English metrical pattern which consists of an unstressed syllable followed by a stressed syllable is called
 - A. iambic 'u
- B) trochaic C. anapestic
- D. dactylic
- 30. A five feet line of poetry is called
 - A. Demeter
- B. Tetrameter
- (C) Pentameter
- D. Hexameter

