## بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم اللهم صل على محمد و آل محمد



1. A device for conn	ecting dissimilar netw	orks:			
1. Internet address		2. Gateway	2. Gateway		
3. User Datagram	n Protocol	4. Transmission C	Control Protocol		
2. A combination of	text with sound, video	, animation and gra	phics		
1. Multimedia	2. Expert system 3. 7	Γelecommute 4. Info	ormation superhighway		
3. A process of filter	ring through large amo	ounts of raw data for	useful information		
1. Data mining	2. AI	3. Cleansed data	4. Data warehouse		
4. The core of an	operating system tha	t handles memory	allocation, talks to hardware		
devices and makes	sure everything keeps	running			
1. Kernel		2. Free Software F	Foundation		
3. Source code		4. Open Source			
5. A system that al	lows a user to interac	t with a computer i	ising a combination of input		
such as speech reco	gnition, hand writing r	recognition, text to sp	peech and etc.		
1. GLT		2. Multimodal in	terface		
3. Intelligent ag	ent	4. The Intelligent	Room		
6. Common enterpr	ise resource planning	tool			
1. Bandwidth	2. Broadband	3. Data centre	4. SAP		
7. Standard used b	y software that manag	ges communication	exchanges between computer		
on the Internet					
1. Internet addre	SS	2. Look-up table			
3. r Datagram Pr	rotocol	4. Transmission C	ontrol Protocol		
8. An email transfer	r process in which the	receiving computer i	nitiates the connection.		
1. SMTP	2. Push	3. POP 4.	IMAP		
9. Meta-languages is:	(				
1. Extensible ma	irkup language				
2. A coding syst	em used for structuring	and formatting docum	nents		
Data about data					
3. An example of	of a page presentation La	anguage			
4. A language fr	om which you can creat	te other languages			

1. Digital channel use	ed to carry ISDN signs	aling and supervisory	information to the network				
2. Device installed or	2. Device installed on a PC to allow it to receive ISDN signals						
3. Addressed Digital	3. Addressed Digital Subscriber Line						
4. Asymmetric Digita	al Subscriber Line						
11. To decrypt a receive	d message						
1. sender's private ke	y	2. trusted issuer's pri	vate key				
3. the recipient's private	vate key	4. the recipient's pub	olic key				
12. An OOP property th	nat enables different	objects to deal with	the same instruction in				
different ways		8 & a					
1. Encapsulation	2. Object 3. Sq	uare 4 Polym	orphism				
13. A telephone that car	n translate English in	to various languages	s in real-time				
1. Smart phone 2	Intelligent agent	3. Rocket science	Supercomputer				
14. The students are	still waiting for their	r into the	computer Science program.				
1. acceptance	2. accepted	3 acceptable	4. acceptably				
15. Some people working	ng in computer instal	lations aren't very	because they are				
shy.							
1. communication	2. communicable	3. communicative	4. communicably				
16. Very often manufac	turers provide	representa	tions of the internal				
workings of a compute							
1. diagram	2. diagrammatic	3. diagrammatica	lly 4 diagrammed				
17. Which one is not th	e synonym of others:						
1 nimble	2 swift	3. frail	4. agile				
18. Which one is the an	tonym of others:						
1. intricate		3. sophisticated	4. complex				
19. The promotion he r	eceived was an	of his excell	ent work.				
1 tranquility		3 poisonous					
	ock waves determine	es the damage that o	ccurs during an earthquake.				
1 survey			4 magnitude				

10. ADSL is:

21. 1116	conomy is expected to	continue growing of	quickly.
1. robust	2. bias	3 feasible	4. Conservation
22. The directors	the actors t	efore the performa	ince.
1. exaggerated	2. indicated	3 primed	4. eluded
23. Although working	g closely with the gov	ernment, all busine	esses function
1. haphazardly	2. autonomously	3. agility	4 Albeit
24. The young Einste	ein was brilliant; a pr	odigy in physics an	d math and an accomplished
violinist.			4,4
1. a handy	2. a skilled	3. a practiced	4. a well-known
25. People could	write the	ir programs in L2	and have the computer execute
them directly.			
1. readily	2. sample	3.simple	4. nervously

## Translate These Paragraphs:

- 1. Computers have circuits which can make decisions. The kinds of decisions which computer circuits can make are not of the type: 'Who would win a war between two countries?' or 'Who is the richest person in the world?' Unfortunately, the computer can only decide three things.
- 2. Source code is important. It's the original from which compiled programs are generated. If you don't have the source code to a program, you can't modify it to fix bugs or add new features. Most software companies won't sell you their source code, or will only do so for an eye watering price, because they believe that if they make it available it will destroy their revenue stream.
- 3. XML, unlike HTML, is concerned with the identity, meaning and structure of data.
  XML is extensible because it lets website developers create their own set of customized tags for documents. This ability to define your own tags is the main feature of XML and it is what gives developers more flexibility.

4. A second key feature of OOP is inheritance. This allows OOP developers to define one class of objects, say 'Rectangles' and a specific instance of this class, say 'Squares' (a rectangle with equal sides). Thus, all properties of rectangles - 'Has 4 sides' and 'Contains 4 right angles' are the two shown here are automatically inherited by Squares.

<ul> <li>Choose a, b, c, or d which best completes each item.</li> <li>Which of the following statements is False?</li> <li>a. All computers accept and process information in the form of instructions and characters b. There are many different devices used for feeding information into a computer.</li> <li>c. A computer can store or handle any data even if it hasn't received information to do so.</li> <li>d. Not all computers can perform arithmetic operations, make decisions, and communic</li> </ul>	
in some way with the user.	
2. In which statement the second word is not a synonym for the first word?	
First word Second word	
a. designed devised	
b. solve figure out	
✓ c. a few a great deal	
d. machinedevice	
3. A computer is limited in its ability by the of man.	
a. imagination b. imaginative c. imaginable d. imaginary	
4. In which statement the second word is not an antonym for the first word?	
First word Second word	
a. run well	
/b. job task	
c. slowlŷ suddenly	
d. exceptional typical	
5. Which of the following statements matched with the word "decision-making operations"?	
a. All the equipment needed input, process and output information.	
b. Can solve different types of problems.	
c. Decides what the program is to be,	5.0
d. Those which compare numbers.	
6. What is the symptom for the word Win factor	
6. What is the synonym for the word "infer"?	
a. disregard b. deduce c. overlook d dispense with	
7 plexing is when many electrical signals are combined and carried on only or	nc
optical line.	
A. Multi- b. Semi- c. Inter- d. Auto-	
8. Which of the following statements is <u>True</u> ?	
a. A mainframe is the type of computer that can sit on top of a desk.	
b. The analog computer does its calculations one step at a time.	
c. The digital computer continuously works out calculations.	
/ d. Mainframes are huge powerful machines whose peripheral equipment takes up a lot of	)[
space.	
9. It is the consensus of opinion that computers have improved the quality of	) ſ
me.	
A. generality b. generally c. generalize d. general	

10. What is the antonym for the word	d "worsen"?	
a, get worse b, deteriorat	e c. degenerate d.	improve
11 Learning a computer language is		
	an c. not as 'as d.	not as much as
12. Which of the following statemen	ts is False?	
in. The CPU is made up of four	components.	
b. The CPU is responsible for a	Il the activities taking place within	a computer.
e. The processor cannot opera	ite on any information if that ir	iformation is not in main
storage.		4
d. Only after the data has been	processed by the CPU can results	by transmitted to an output
device.		
13 computers are u	sed for printing newspapers.	
a. Now , b. At preser	at c. For the time being	d. At the moment
14. There should be a	improvement in your English at	this point in the course.
a notice b noticeable	ly c. noticeable, d.	noticed
15. Which of the following statemen	ats matched with the word "contro	l unit"?
a. Directs movement of inform	ation between memory and arithm	etic unit.
b. Does the decision-making of	perations.	
c. Breaks down the coded infor	mation to be handled. d.Choose	es the instructions.
16 to their speed,	computers are accurate and can d	lo repetitive operations over
and over again without become	ng tired or bored.	
a. Moreover b. Besides	c. Furthermore d.	In addition
17. Which of the following statemer	nts is False?	
a. Core memory uses small me	tal rings which can be magnetized	or unmagnetized.
b. The state of the core can be	represented by either 0 or 1.	
c. Semiconductor memory was	s developed before core memory a	nd after bubble memory.
d. Bubble memory is smaller th		
18. Which of the following informs	ition matched with the word "spoo	ling"?
<ol> <li>A kind of type writer.</li> </ol>		
<ul> <li>b. Transfer information from c</li> </ul>	ards to tape or disk.	
c. Used it data is lost.		
d. Storage medium	10 W 20 10	
19 plastic pieces ar		
a. Reflective b. Reflecti	on e. Reflector d	I. Reflect
20 Which of the following stateme	ents is False?	
<ol> <li>Not all disks are made from</li> </ol>	a rigid material.	
<ol> <li>Bits are magnetized groove</li> </ol>	s in the surface of a disk.	•
<ul> <li>Magnetic disks are better the storage.</li> </ul>	nan magnetic tapes only because t	hev provide large amounts of
d. Information on cylinders is	accessed one track at a time.	
21. Which of the following we	ords matched with the informati	on "one cylinder for every
character position"?		
a. laser printer b. chain	c. drum	d. impact
22. In which statement the second	word is not a synonym for the firs	t word?
First word	Second word	
a. distort	remove	
b. get	obtain	
c. case	facility	
d extensive	limited	

23. Which of the following star	
a. The binary system has a	
	is an economical way of representing the binary system.
e. In the decimal system,	
7	es the decimal number system.
	explained to us the principles of binary arithmetic.
a. instruction b. inst	
	ormation matched with the word "object program"?
a. To solve a particular pr	
	the computer CPU, and peripherals.
e. Connects routines with	
d. Program translated to r	iachine code.
	appropriate form of the word given.
I. permit	
	to smoke in a computer installation.
	people to use their time more effectively.
	is usually required before starting any renovations to a building
for a computer departi	nent.
2. decide	
a. The to	continue space exploration will cause a lot of expense.
b. A programmer	what the computer is to do, and without the program the
computer cannot proc	ess the necessary information.
c. It cannot be	yet what success fiber optics will have in computer
technology.	
3. Fill in the blanks with th	e following words.
cylinder	hard disk fixed-head
platters	pack recording head
cartridge	diskette moving-head
data pack	
	made from plastic are also called light.
	cessed by all the recording heads acting at once.
	ade from flexible plastic are called
4) When more than o	ne platter are pilled on top of each other it is referred to as a
- 5) The ac	cess information from either side of a disk.
6)	either single or multiple.
7) A	a single platter.
	divided into two kinds:and
	eads are included with the platters, it is called a
4. Translate the following	
	he CPU are connected to a console, where manual control
	ormed by an operator. The console is an important, but special
	nent. It is used mainly when the computer is being started up, or
during maintenance and	repair. Many mini and micro systems do not have a console.

Choose a , b, c or d v	which best comple	tes each item.			
1. A chip is					
<ul><li>a. an instrument use</li><li>c. a branch of mathe</li></ul>	100.110.00 to 50.110.00 (1.30.00)	<ul><li>b. the circuitry of fo</li><li>d. invented by Ame</li></ul>	ourth-generation computers.		
Y. There can be many	invo	lved in setting up a com	puter in an old building.		
a. complication r. What is the antonym		c. complicatedly vable"	d. complicate		
a, unmovable  1. When the computer i		c. portable	d. take away		
a. repaired  o General-purpose com		c. repairs	d. is repaired		
a. are all the equipment needed input, process and output information. b. decide what the program is to be. c. produce a payroll very fast. d. can solve different types of problems.  7. Turnkey systems are a. the input/out put and secondary memory devices. b. the physical electronic and electromagnetic devices. c. the hardware/software packages. d. the computers.					
v. What is the synonym a. stop		c. come to an end	d. end		
A. Find appropriate sent	tence which is comp	leted with the word "ger	nerality".		
b. It is the life. c. Minicomputers a	consensus of	opinion that computers eaper than mainframes. than to talk about speci	have improved the quality of		
4. Which of the following	ng words match with	h the statement "where o	pperator can manually operate		
the computer  a. minicomputer  What is the synonyr	b. cartridge m for the word "con	c. miniperipherals	d. console		
10 Head of the Control of the Contro		c. break away	d. take apart		

11. It is true that				25 46
<ul> <li>Secondary memo system.</li> </ul>	ry and internal mer	up of six components. mory are located in the sa	,	omputer
d. The processor car	nnot operate on any	nformation within the pro y information if that infor	mation is not in n	
17. Whether one is writi	ng computer science	ce related information or	not, the use of	is
very important.		A17 20 0		
a. connection	b. connect		d. connective	
vr. What is the antonym	and the second second	hazard"		
a. regular	b. random	c. chao ic	d. jumbled	
18. A logic unit				
<ul> <li>a. does the calculate</li> <li>b. temporarily hold</li> <li>c. dose the decision</li> <li>d. produces timing</li> </ul>	s results before tran- making operation	nsferring to memory.	* * *	
10. It is true that		261.2.2	in the second	* **
<ul> <li>b. The cpu can easi</li> <li>c. Disks and tapes</li> <li>d. computers can p</li> <li>storage.</li> </ul>	ly access information be stored in a larocess information	s have a similar memory ion from internal storage ibary. even if complete progra		internal
17. Virtual storage				A
a. refers to memory b. sometimes calle c. are storage locat d. hooking up seco v. Which of the follow	d primary memory ions in internal sto indery memory dev	rage vices onto memory to inc	rease their capaci	ty
		oped before core memor	v and after bubble	e memory.
b. Core memory u	ses small metal rin	gs which can be magneti ented by either • or 1.	zed or unmagnetiz	zed.
		storage capacity than ne		
a. elimination	b. eliminating wing is an apprope	c. eliminate riate word for the definit	d. eliminator ion "a bit to detec	t errors"
a. reel	b. hub	c. parity	d. BPI	
Y. Which of the follow	wing statements is	true.		
<ul> <li>b. To access infor</li> <li>c. Magnetic disks storage.</li> </ul>	fixed-head disks. mation, the recordi are better than ma	ing heads move from one gnetic tapes only because d material.	groove to anothe they provide larg	er. ge amounts of

11. What is the synon	yin for the word disadv	antage .		100
a. draw back		a contract of the contract of	d. lead	
YY. Monochromatic is	best described as			
a. TV screen of the	ne computer	b. Shades of th	ne same cofour	
	of the same colour	d. Pictures with	h motion	
	wing statements is false			
	owing statements is <u>false</u>			*
	are used to writing prog		the problem clearly	
-	ortant part of problem so a to test the program be			
	s cannot show relations			
Contract Con	the most important		e computer?	
a. characterize				tically
	owing information expla			,,
	s one for each high-leve cesses of the computer (		rals	ei ei
10.75	nes with programs in me		ing.	*
d. to solve a part				11 11
10			بحى	سؤالات تشري
Choose the approx	oriate form of the wo	rds to complete	e the sentences.	
		Q.		
1. Interchange, interc	hange able, inter change	eably, interchang	ed.	
b. There is often c. There is a big  Corganization, orga a. Blocks are b. The efficiency	hmetic-logic' and 'arith an	ideas among con nput and output. zing. organizer of files. epends partly on	nputer scientists. These cannot be	and personnel.
		200		9
. Fill in the blanks v	with the following word	s.	W II	
\(\sum_{\text{icrocomputer}}\)	semiconductor	chip 4-2		
4 - microprocessor	circuit board (**)  Lmicro	primary mem	norve'	
minicomputer	<b>Amicro</b>	memory o		
1 are	often reffered as	for shor	rt.	
Α	system is composed of	м <sup>*</sup>	and r	peripheral
		100		
equipment.				danion
. Ine	of a microcomputer	is usually built a	s a single	device
known as a				
. Micro computers	have small	and cannot be	hooked up to as man	y peripherals as

- - \*. Translate the following passage into Farsi:

The function of the control unit within the central processor is to transmit coordinating control signals and commands the control unit is that portion of the computer that directs the sequence or step-by-step operations of the system, selects instructions and data from memory, interprets the program instructions, and controls the flow between main storage and the arithmetic-logical unit.

- 1. Which of the following statements is False?
  - a. Computers can still be usefull machines even if they can't communicate with the user.
  - b. All computers accept and process information in the form of instructions and characters.
  - c. There are many different devices used for feeding information into a computer.
  - d. The information necessary for solving problems is found in the memory of the computer.
- 2. In which statement the second word is an synonyms for the first word:

a. predecessors

contemporaries

b. tiny

large

c. reject

accept

d. a way

a mean

- 3. Which of the following statements matched with the word "chip"?
  - a. Used in mathematics.
  - b. Circuitry of fourth-generation computers.
  - c. An instrument used for counting.
  - d. A branch of mathematics.
- 4. Computer ----- is a fast growing discipline.
  - a. technology

b. technological

c. technologist

d. technologically

- 5. Which of the following statements is True?
  - a. A computer can do anything until it has been programmed.
  - b. Computers do not usually make mistakes unless they break down.
  - c. A computer can think and solve problems by itself.
  - d. A computer is a single-purpose machine in that it cannot be programmed to solve various types of problems
- 6. In which statement the second word is an antonyms for the first word.

a. infers

implies

b. joined

integrated

c. area

field

d. well

poorly

- 7. The most commonly used language of programming in the business community is ------.
  - a. analog

b. hybrid computer

c. digital.

d. mainframe

8.	M	emory and primary storag	ge can be used	l int	er
	a.	changing		b.	change
	c.	changeable		d.	changeably
9.	W	hich of the following stat	ements match	ed v	with the word "console"?
	a.	processing unit of micro	computer		
	b.	where operator can man	ually operate	the o	computer
	c.	internal storage			
	d.	attached to minicompute	ers		
10	W	hich of the following stat	ements is Tru	e?	
	a.	The arithmetic-loigical instructions.	unit of the pro	ces	sor is responsible for the interpretation of program
	b.	The central processing to	unit is made u	p of	three components.
	c.	New information are fir solve the problems.	st loaded into	inte	ernal memory, so it takes more time for computers to
	d.	Secondary memory and	internal mem	ory	are located in the same place in the computer system.
11.	Yo	ou shoud have a good bas	ic understand	ing (	of computers you finish this reading course.
	a.	later		b.	by the time
	c.	eventually		d.	not the same as
12. BASIC is probably computer language to learn.				to learn.	
	a.	the least difficult		b.	the most difficult
	c.	the least challenging		d.	the most challenging
13. Which of the following words matched with the statement "hooking up secondary memory					the statement "hooking up secondary memory devices
	01	nto memory to increase the	heir capacity"	?	
	a.	internal storage		b.	sequential devices
	c. 1	real storage		d.	virtual storage
14.	A	programmer usually has	a as	wel	I as logical mind.
	a.	creation		b.	created
	c.	create		d.	creative
15.	In	which statement the sec	ond word is a	syn	onym for the first word.
	a. ı	najor	minor		
	b. 1	frequently used	common		
	c. p	presence	absence		
9	d. v	ertically	horizontally		
			•		

16.	The control unit, the arithmetic-logica	l unit	and memory are the three parts that the CPU
а	a. divide	b.	comprises
c	c. constitute	d.	classify
17. \	Which of the following statements mat	tched	with the word "chain"?
a	a. characters move sideways		
t	o. uses dry ink powder		
c	c. uses special paper which is treated c	hemic	ally
d	. heat used to print characters on paper	r	
18. V	Which of the following statements is T	rue?	
a.	all plotters depend on a moving pen.		
b	. plotters are considered peripheral de-	vices t	out terminals are not.
c.	. blinking is one of the features which	displa	y terminals are incapable of.
d	. both interactive terminals and plotter	s have	to be on-line at all times.
19	the chip made it possible for min	icomp	uters and microcomputers to be invented.
a	. develope	d	
c.	. developing d. develope	r	e a
20. \	Which of the following words matched	d with	the statement "pictures with motion"?
a	a. plotters	b.	dual-density
C	c. dynamic graphics	d.	display screen
21. /	At the rate computer technology is gro	wing,	today's computes obsolete by 2020.
a.	could not	b. c	annot
c.	impossible	d. m	night be
22. \	Which of the following statements is F	alse?	
a.	An algorithm is a sequence of instruc	ctions	used to solve a problem.
b.	Coding sheets are used for writing pr	rogran	is.
c.	All problems are equally difficult to	solve.	
d.	It is a good idea to test the program b	pefore	adding the data.
23.	Which of the following statements ma	tched	with the word "application program"?
a	to solve a particular problem		
b	program translated a machine code		
c	directs the processes of the computer	CPU,	, and peripherals
d.	connects routines with programs in m	nemory	y

_ 25. A machine which is incapabl	e of thinking but follows i	nstructions is called	·
<ol> <li>a. coding machine</li> </ol>	b. robot		
c. register	d. minicomputer		
Fill in the blanks with the approp	oriate form of the word giv	en.	
1- measure			
a. The analog computer is esser	ntially used for problems in	nvolving	
<ul> <li>Because computer equipment carefully.</li> </ul>	t is often bulky, the area us	sed for a computer ins	stallation must be out
<ol> <li>The number of employee a coword.</li> </ol>	omputer company has can	be seen as a of it	s success in the business
2- design			
a. Due to the advances in con	nputer technology, comput	er are faced with	a more challenging job.
b. Computers are to pr	ocess information accurate	ely and quickly.	
c. Computer architects are c	onstantly trying to improv	e on the of comp	outers.
3- Fill in the blanks with following	ng words:		
microcomputer min	nicomputer circuit board	chip	memory
microprocessor sen	niconductor micro	primary memory	flowchart
1 are often referred to	as for short.		
2. A system is compose	d of a, and perip	oheral equipment.	
3. The of a microcomp	outer is usually built as a si	ngle device know	vn as
4. Microcomputers have small	all and cannot be hoo	ked up as many peripl	nerals as
<ol> <li>A few are normally microcomputers. The</li> </ol>	used for processor, memor		
6. A is either a group of	f exact sentences to solve a	problem or a block of	liagram.
4-Translate the following passage	e into Farsi.		
Flowcharting is one of the first a person thinks about a problem. her logical and analytical ability,	In other words, it is through	this that a new prog	

- 24. Multiprogramming is an example of -----

a. time sharing

c. batch

b. real time

d. on line

1. Which one is differe	nt from others:				
a. enormous	b. gigantic	€c. titanic	d. tiny		
2. Chips are more when one is on a diet.					
a. baffling	✓ b. temped	c. enticing	d. astounding		
3. The term processor is central processing unit.					
a. the same than	b. the same	√c. the same as	d. similar		
4. The troubled executive his control of the company.					
a. relinquished	b. tempted	c. enticed	d. conformed		
5. The job of a computer operator is to the various machines in a computer					
installation.					
a. operation	b. operate	c. operator	d. operating		
6. Students' lack of understanding of the basic concepts in computer science may					
the instructor to restructure the course.					
a. necessity	b. necessitate	c. necessary	d. necessities		
7. Very often manufacturers provide representations of the internal workings					
of a computer.					
a. diagram	b. diagrammatic	c. diagrammatically	d. diagrammed		
8. The complete description of the logical structure of data is called the schema and the					
description of the parts, theschema.					
a. mono	b. inter	√c. sub	d. bi		
9. With the of computers, many tasks have been made easier.					
a. advent	b. disruptive	c. agile	d. acclaim		
10. A computing tool that tries to operate in a way similar to the human brain, means					
a. Data mining	b. Data warehouse	c. Cleansed data	d. Artificial Intelligence		
11. A computer has often been referred to as a problem					
va. solution	b. solve	c. solver	d. solvable		
12. It is sometimes very to explain computer concepts.					
a. complication	b. complicate	c. complicating	d. complicated		

13. Standard used by so	itware that manages co	ommunication exchang	ges between computers on		
Internet, means:					
a. Internet address		b. Resolution Protocol			
c. User Datagram Protocol		d. Transmission Control Protocol			
14. Hackers may	pretending to be fr	om your company and	d ask for your password.		
a. break into	b. get into	c. hack into	d. keep into		
15. Internet system designed to provide free, interactive access to vast resources for people all					
over the world, is:					
a. Multimedia		b. Expert system			
c. Information superhighway		d. Telecommute			
16. A telephone that can translate English into various languages in real-time, means:					
/a. Smart phone	b. Intelligent agent	c. Rocket science	d. Supercomputer		
17. An OOP property that allows data and program instructions to be bundled into an object.					
a. Polymorphism	b. Object	c. Menu	d Encapsulation		
18. He tried to the system without knowing the password.					
a. closing down	b. hacking into	c. logging on	d. program		
19. Windows allows you	two	different folders at the	same time.		
a. to display	b. displaying	c. display	d. that display		
20. With the of computers, many tasks have been made easier.					
a. haphazardly	b. advent	c. disruptive	d. adverse		
21. Transfer data from a client device to a server computer.					
a. Intelligent agent	b. Rocket science	c. Supercomputer	d. Upload		
22. The user is aware of the effects of different applications programs operating					
systems are invisible to most users.					
a. in addition	/ b. although	c. because	d. such as		
23. We look forward cheaper and faster computers.					
a. to have	b. having	√c. to having	d. have		
24. The of the hazardous gas made it difficult to live in the house.					
a. intrude	b. intruder	c. intrusive	d. intrusion		